

MAKER EDUCATOR CONVENING 2020: GUIDE FOR PANEL CONVERSATIONS

Panel conversations are 45 minutes in duration as a facilitated conversation between 2-3 people on a specific topic. Panels should include a max of 4 presenters, including one person as a moderator or facilitator.

Panels are facilitated conversations between 2-3 people on a specific topic. Panel conversations stage questions about issues which are current and relevant in the field of maker education and which are enriched by multiple, and sometimes even competing, perspectives. For at least a third of the time, the audience should be actively invited to engage or participate in the conversation, (this can be through a number of mechanisms: for example, Q&A sessions, facilitated reflection, etc.).

Please use this guide as a starting place, and feel free to reach out to us at convening@makered.org with any questions!

Durations have been shortened for a virtual format.

SESSION PLANNING

Selecting your Topic

Start by considering what topic or question you would like your panel to address. How timely is this topic? Do the questions your topic raise have relevance to other topics in the field? Your topic should be applicable to a variety of audiences within the maker educator community.

Composing your Panel

As you refine your topic, consider whose voices will offer valuable perspectives and make meaningful contributions to the conversation. Determine whose voices are typically heard, or over represented, in the conversation you wish to have and explore means of diversifying your panel by elevating and amplifying the voices of those historically excluded from participation in the topic. What outreach strategies can you employ to reach, tap, and access different (competing or complementary) perspectives?

SESSION DESIGN

Core Element: SHARE

Participants have the opportunity to learn about a key learning, challenge, or element of the panel's work.

Topic

However you facilitate your panel conversation, make sure that your topic is clearly defined.

Norms

Set norms with panel members in order to ensure equity of voice during the panel. It is good practice to create a signal that the facilitator and panel members can use when someone's time is up or to create space for another panel member's voice to be heard.

Present & Context Setting

The facilitator presents an overview of the topic and may introduce panel members. Often each member of the panel will introduce themselves and give a short (5 min) overview of their program and how it connects to the topic.

Conversation

The bulk of the panel time is spent in conversation. The conversation is built by panelists through co-creation of questions or areas of discussion in preparation for the panel and possibly through participatory processes with attendees (see below). Facilitation of the panel is based on the agreed upon norms.

In a virtual environment, be aware of your participants' attention spans. Try to mix up the format and media of your presentation, and consider transitioning between:

- "Talking head," where participants are seeing your face and watching you speak.
- Multiple presenters, where participants see multiple faces and listen/watch a more conversational or shared presentation, instead of one person speaking for an extended duration.
- Screen-share, where participants can see your screen. The screen could show a slideshow or slides, a demo, a webpage, photos or video, etc.
- Different camera views, where participants may be able to see -- via a document camera or other method -- your hands engaged with materials, your physical space, or other props.
- Opportunities for participant engagement, whether reflection, hands-on engagement, Q&A, sharing on a different platform or in a chat window, or others. See below for more elements.

Core Element: REFLECT and/or APPLY

Participants understand, articulate, and make meaning out of their experience, discover the relevance of their experience to their own practice, and/or envision applying a new idea to their own learning environment.

Attendee Participation

How will you invite your audience into the conversation? Once key voices and questions have been aired, how can you engage the rest of the room?

• Timing – How do you offer ample time for the panel conversation and for participant synthesis, discussion, and application? We suggest spending at least 1/3 of the session interacting with participants.

Application

How will you invite the attendees to reflect on the topic and apply what they learned to their own context? What will they reflect on? Will the reflection focus on pure introspection, sharing their learning and/or applying their learning to their own context?

- How will you structure participant reflection & application? Will you ask a 1-2 questions, use a thinking routine, or leave space for open reflection?
- Will you give them time to reflect & apply individually, in small groups, in the whole group?
- How will you make their reflections & applications visible to the group?
- Will you display questions or create a handout?

See the resources section below for possible structures.

Core Element: INTRO & CLOSING

Participants feel welcome, understand what to expect from the session, and have an opportunity to synthesize the experience at the end.

- Intro How will you welcome and orient participants? What information do you need to share at the beginning? What information can wait until after participants have experienced parts of the session?
- Closing How will you support participants to synthesize learning and come back to the learning objectives?

OPTIONAL ELEMENTS & OTHER DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

There are other elements that you may be able to incorporate into your presentation.

- Document Participants record their process and make it visible. In a virtual environment, this could be a shared Google Doc, Google Slides, or other platform for sharing and collaboration.
- Share Attendees share with each other and/or facilitator shares experience with group to inspire others and connect with people and ideas.
- Apply Attendees discover the relevance of their experience to their own practice and/or envision what making can look like in their own learning environments.

FACILITATION

How a panel conversation is facilitated is as important as the design of the session.

How do you plan to facilitate the session? How are you creating a space where participants are able to figure out key learnings for themselves, where participants are learning from each other, where community

is being built while learning, or where the tools and materials themselves are teachers? What role will you play in this space?

Facilitation Resources: We often draw from the following resources when planning for our panel conversations.:

- How to Moderate a Panel Like a Pro
- Thinking Routines
- Agency by Design Educator Resources
- Liberating StructuresNational School Reform Faculty